

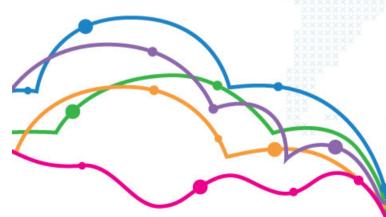
Fault and Performance Management for Carrier Ethernet Services

Eric Leung



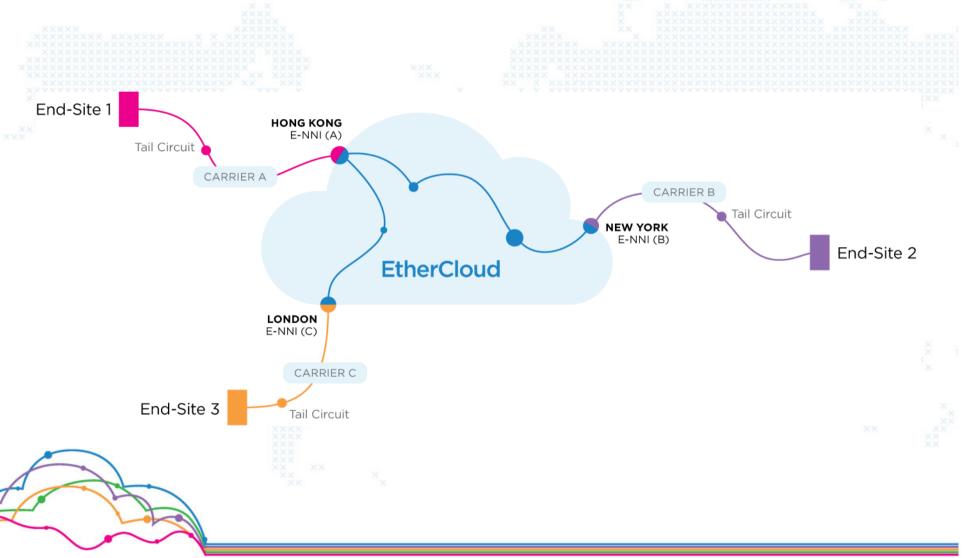
16 Jan 2012







Carrier Ethernet Overview & **Operational Challenges**







Operational Requirement & Solutions

- ☑ Real-time per-service Fault Management
- ☑ Real-time per-service Performance Management
- ☑ Active Fault Detection, Isolation, Diagnostics, and Verification
- ☑ Alerting for network failures
- ☑ End-to-end as well as per-segment SLA monitoring and verification



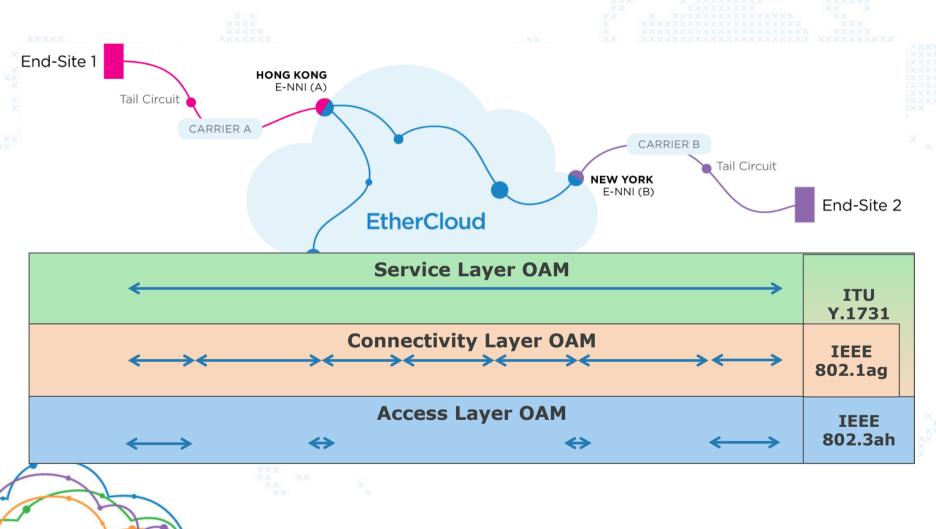
☑ OAM technologies

☑ Fault and Performance Management System



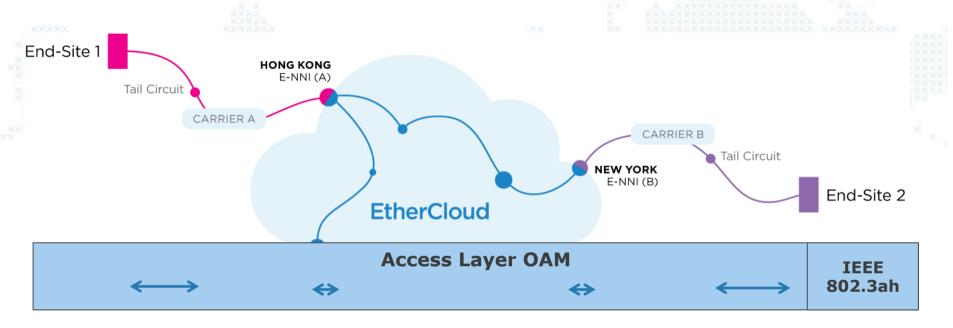


Ethernet OAM Overview





Access Layer OAM / 802.3ah

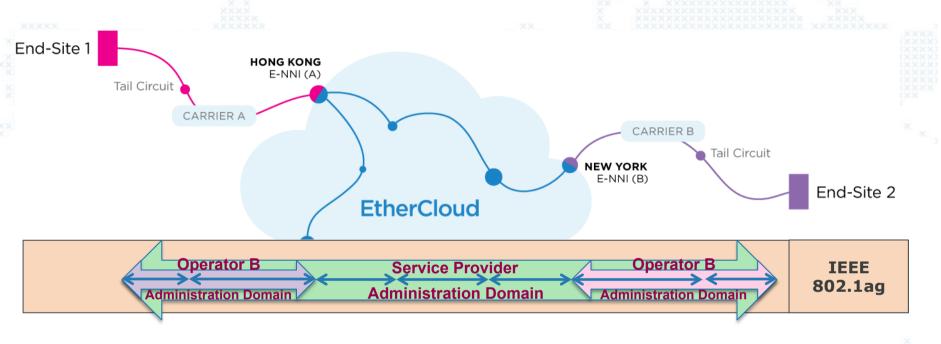


- ☑ Discovery
- ☑ Link Monitoring
- ☑ Remote Failure Indication
- ☑ Remote Loopback





Network Layer OAM / 802.1ag

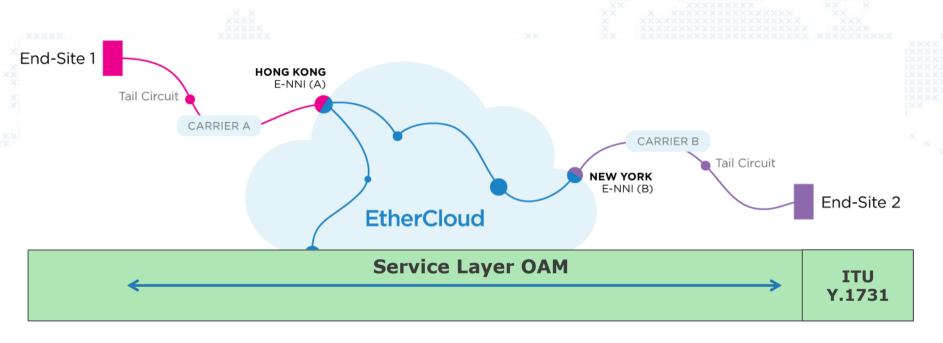


- ☑ Continuity Check Messages (CCM)
- ☑ Loopback Message (LBM)
- ☑ Link Trace Message (LTM)
- ☑ Alarm Indication Signal (AIS)



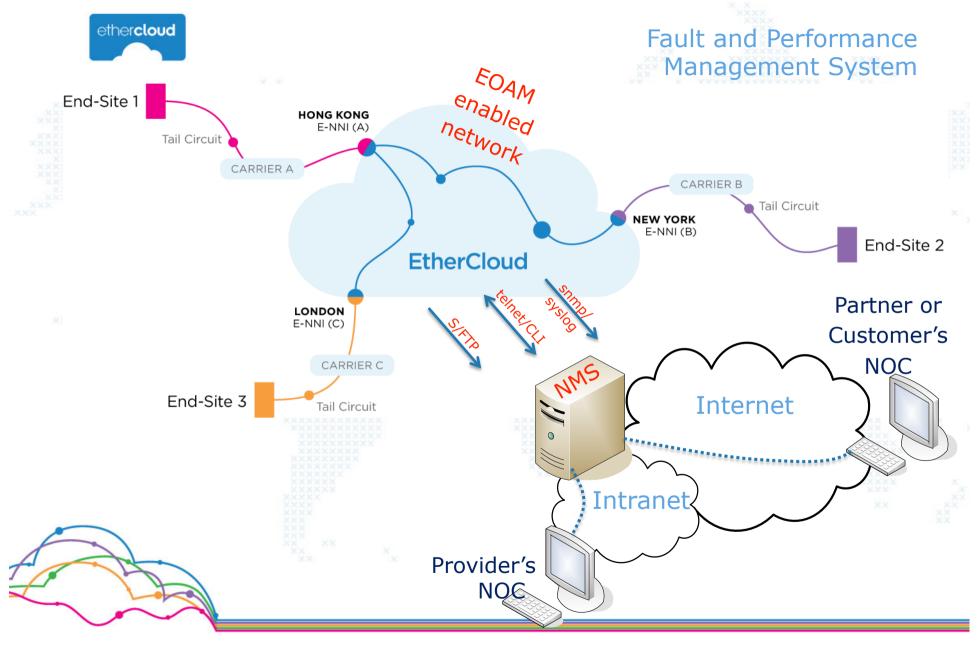


Service Layer OAM / Y.1731



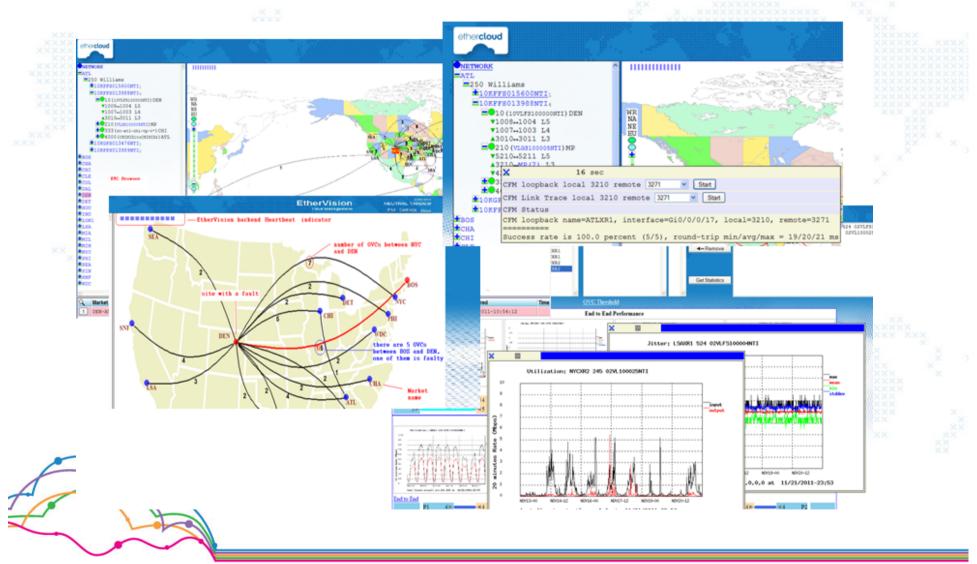
- ☑ Builds on 802.1ag
- Performance management for SLA verification
 Frame loss ratio (FLR)
 Frame delay (FD)
 Frame delay variation (FDV)
 Others (errored frame seconds, service status (up/down), frame throughput, etc.)







Fault and Performance Management System





Demo

This part is a demo on a live management system on how it utilize the EOAM to provide Active Fault Detection, Isolation, Diagnostics and Verification on Carrier Ethernet Services.





Challenges and conclusion

- Get the equipment vendor to support EOAM
- Get the partners and customers to enable and configure Ethernet OAM

and have them work with each other

- Get the system work well with equipment with different vendor, model, firmware versions.
- High availability system



